

CS M51A, Fall 2022, Midterm
(Total Mark: 15 points)

Student Name: *Solution*

Student ID:

1. (2 Points) Using boolean algebra, Simplify the following expression as much as possible.

(a) $F = (B \cdot C) + (B \cdot 1) + (C \cdot 0) + (B \cdot B \cdot C)'$
 $= B \cdot C + B + (B \cdot C)' = 1$

(b) $F = (C + A) \cdot (B + 1) \cdot (A + C)' \cdot (B + C)$
 $= (A + C) \cdot (A + C)' \cdot 1 \cdot (B + C) = 0$

2. (2 Points) Present the following numbers in decimal.

(a) 1100 is an unsigned number $(1100)_2 = (12)_{10}$

(b) 1100 is a two's complement $(1100)_2 = (-4)_{10}$

3. (3 Points) Present the Sum of MINTERMS and Product of MAXTERMS for the following system, where A, B and C are inputs and F is the output. (Hint: you may first draw a truth table and then write the expressions)

$F = (A \cdot B) + C$

$A'B'C + A'BC + AB'C + ABC' + ABC$

A	B	C	F
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1

Sum of Minterms: $F = \sum m(1, 3, 5, 6, 7)$

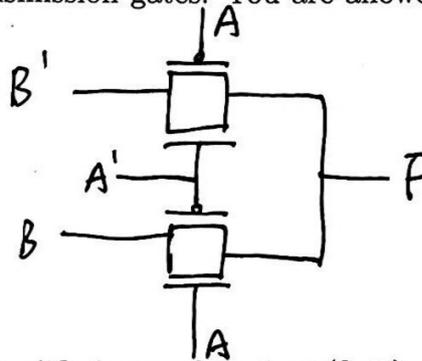
Product of Maxterm: $F = \prod M(0, 2, 4)$

$(A+B+C)(A+B'+C)(A'+B+C)$

4. (3 Points) Implement $F = A \text{ XNOR } B$ using transmission gates. You are allowed to use 1, 0, A, A', B, and B' as your signals.

A	B	F
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

A	F
0	B'
1	B



5. (2 Points) Using the following K-Map, write the simplified sum of product (SoP) and product of sum (PoS) terms. (For your convenience, two same K-maps are provided. Use one for SoP and the other for PoS)

		x_0				
x_3	x_2	0	1	0	1	
		1	1	1	1	
	x_1	0	1	0	0	1
		1	1	0	0	1

$$\text{SoP} = x_0'x_2' + x_2x_3 + x_1'x_2'x_3'$$

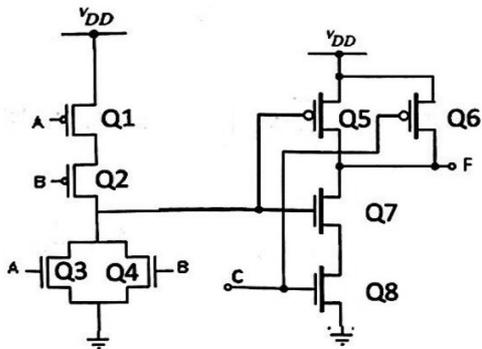
		x_0				
x_3	x_2	0	1	0	1	
		1	1	1	1	
	x_1	0	1	1	0	1
		1	1	0	0	1

$$\text{PoS} = (x_3 + x_2') (x_0' + x_3' + x_2) \cdot (x_2 + x_0' +$$

or

$$\text{PoS} = (x_3 + x_2) \cdot (x_0' + x_3 + x_1') \cdot (x_3' + x_2 +$$

6. (3 Points) Given the circuit below, complete the table below, determining the resistances for Q_1 to Q_6 and the final output F . The transistors Q_1 to Q_8 should be High or Low (show by 'H' or 'L') resistance. The output F may be 0, 1, float (show by -) or short (show by *). Remember short means the output is connected to both VDD and ground at the same time.



A	B	C	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	F
0	0	1	L	L	H	H	H	H	L	L	0
1	0	1	H	L	L	H	L	H	H	L	1
1	1	1	H	H	L	L	L	H	H	L	1