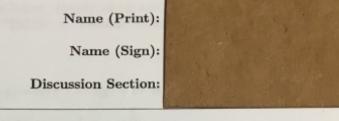
Math 33B, Lec 2 Spring 2016 Exam 1 4-18-16 Time Limit: 50 Minutes



This exam contains 6 pages, including this cover page and 5 problems.

You may not use books, notes, or any calculator on this exam.

There will be no partial credit given for problems 1 and 2. For the other problems, partial credit will only be awarded to answers for which an explanation and/or work is shown.

Problem	Points	Score
1	10	8
2	10	8
3	10	10
4	10	10
5	10	7
Total:	50	43

 (10 points) There are five statements below. Decide which are true and which are false. On the left of each, write the full word "TRUE" or "FALSE." There is no partial credit on this problem.

FALSE (i) The function $G(x,y) = \ln(x^2) - \ln(y) + e^{\frac{x}{y}}$ is homogeneous. $G(tx,ty) = \ln(t^2x^2) - \ln(ty) + e^{\frac{x}{y}}$

Teve (ii) The ODE $y' = \frac{x^3y}{y'}$ has a unique solution satisfying y(1) = 1.

 $(y)^{2} = x^{3}y$ $y = \sqrt{x^{3}y} = x\sqrt{xy}$ $= \frac{d}{dx}(x\sqrt{xy}) = \frac{d}{dx}(x^{3}y)^{2} = \frac{1}{2}(x^{3}y)^{\frac{1}{2}}(3x^{2})$ $= (x^{3}y)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ $= \frac{3x^{2}}{2x\sqrt{xy}} \text{ continuous only if } x > 0$

TRUE (iii) The equation $4xy^3dx + 6x^2y^2dy = 0$ is an exact differential equation.

36 = 15x35 30 = 15x35

FALSE (iv) The function $y(t) = e^{-t}$ is a solution to the ODE y' = -ty. $y'(t) = -e^{-t}$ $-e^{-t} = -t(e^{-t}) = -te^{-t}$

TRUE (v) The function $\mu(y) = \frac{1}{y^2}$ is an integrating factor for the ODE

$$\left((y^2+2xy)dx-x^2dy=0.\right)^{\frac{1}{y^2}}$$

=> y2+2xy dx - x2 dy = (1+ 2x/) dx - x2 dy

30 = 3x(y-2)(-1) = -3x

30 = -5x

2. (10 points) There are five multiple choice questions below. Each question has one correct answer. On the left of each question, write the letter of the correct answer. There is no partial credit on this problem.

(i) The function $G(x,y) = xe^{\frac{x^2}{y^2}} + y$ is homogeneous of degree:

(B) 1 (C) 2 (D) 3 (E) not homogeneous

6(+x+y)= +x e +3 + + = +x e + + +

(ii) The ODE $y' = y^{1/3}$ does NOT have a unique solution satisfying the initial

(A) y(1) = -2 (B) y(0) = -1 (C) y(1) = 0 (D) y(1) = 1 (E) y(0) = 2

RHS: f(y)=y's continuous

f'(y)=== y=== y=0

(iii) The differential equation $y' = \frac{\sin(t+y)}{y}$ is:

(A) separable (B) linear (C) exact (D) homogeneous (E) none of these options

44'= 5m (++y)

ydy-sin(try)=0 ydy-sin(try) At = 0 tydy-sin(try) de=0

(iv) Consider y' = (y-4)(y+1). The equilibria 4 and -1 have the property that:

(A) both are locally stable

(B) 4 is locally stable, -1 is unstable

(C) is unstable, -1 is locally stable (D) both are unstable (E) -1 is not an equilibrium

fly=(y-4)(y+1) fly=2y-3 =y2-3y-4 f(4)=8-3=5 stable

f'(-1) = -2-3 =- Sunctable

(v) Which of the following does not satisfy $y' = y^2 + y$:

(A) y(t) = 0 for all t (B) $y(t) = \frac{5e^t}{1 - 5e^t}$ (C) y(t) = 1 for all t

(D) $y(t) = \frac{1}{e^{-t} - 1}$ (E) y(t) = -1 for all t

3. (10 points) (a) Find the general solution to the separable differential equation $y' = 2xy + x^2y$.

$$y' = y(2x+x^{2})$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2} \frac{dy}{dx} =$$

(b) Find the particular solution to the initial-value problem $y' = 2xy + x^2y + x^2e^{x^2}$, y(0) = 0.

$$y' = y(2x + x^{2}) + x^{2}e^{x^{2}}$$

$$y' - y(2x + x^{2}) = x^{2}e^{x^{2}}$$

$$u(x) = e = e$$

$$u(x) = y = \int u(x) f(x) dx = \int e^{-x^{2} + \frac{x^{2}}{3}} dx = \int x^{2}e^{-\frac{x^{2}}{3}} dx$$

$$= \int x^{2} \cdot e^{x^{2} - x^{2} - \frac{x^{2}}{3}} dx = \int x^{2}e^{-\frac{x^{2}}{3}} dx = \int x^{2}e^{-\frac{x^{2}}{3}} dx$$

$$= -\int e^{x}dx = -e^{x} + C = -e^{x^{2} + C}e^{x^{2} + x^{2}}$$

$$0 = -e^{x^{2} + C}e^{x^{2} + x^{2}} = -e^{x^{2} + C}e^{x^{2} + x^{2}}$$

$$0 = -e^{x^{2} + C}e^{x^{2} + x^{2}} = -e^{x^{2} + C}e^{x^{2} + x^{2}}$$

$$0 = -e^{x^{2} + C}e^{x^{2} + x^{2}} = -e^{x^{2} + C}e^{x^{2} + x^{2}}$$

$$0 = -e^{x^{2} + C}e^{x^{2} + x^{2}} = -e^{x^{2} + C}e^{x^{2} + x^{2}}$$

- 10
- 4. (10 points) A 50-gal tank initially contains 20 gal of pure water. Salt-water solution containing 0.5 lb of salt for each gallon of water begins entering the tank at a rate of 4 gal/min. Simultaneously, a drain is opened at the bottom of the tank, allowing the salt-water solution to leave the tank at a rate of 2 gal/min. What is the salt content (lb) in the tank at the precise moment that the tank is full of salt-water solution?

Signi Ligalmin, islb/gal
initial:
20 gal pure
20 gal pure
20 gal pure
20 gal/min

Netgan= 2gal min

30 gal to fill = t=15

20 tet=50, et=30, t=15

find x at timet=15

x10)=0 rate in = 4 gal . . 516 = 216 rate out = zgal . x 16 x= 2- 2x = 2- 10+t x + x = 2 - State de WIND+1 (+10) X= (++10)(2) dt = 2(t2+10t)+(= +2+20t TL X = +2+20+ +C

 $x(s) = 0 = 0 + 0 + 0 = \frac{6}{10}$ $= x = \frac{12+20t}{2+20t} = \frac{1}{10}$ $x = \frac{12+20t}{10} = \frac{1}{10}$ $x(s) = \frac{15(35)}{25} = \frac{3(35)}{5} = \frac{3(7)=211b}{5}$ $= \frac{15(35)}{211b50} = \frac{3(35)}{5} = \frac{3(7)=211b}{5}$

5. (10 points) Find the general solution to the exact differential equation

$$(x^2 + y^2\sin(x))dx + 2y(1 - \cos(x))dy = 0.$$

Verify exactness:

F(x,y)= SP(x,y)dx + O(y) SP(x,y)dx = 2x - y2 cosx