## Sign and submit the following honor statement:

I certify on my honor that I have neither given nor received any help, or used any non-permitted resources, while completing this evaluation.

Signed:

Print name:

This exam contains 8 pages (including this cover page) and 7 problems. There are a total of 80 points available.

- Include extra pages as you need them.
- Attempt all questions.
- The work submitted must be entirely your own: you may not discuss it with anyone else.
- You may email the instructor visan@math.ucla.edu with any queries about what the questions are asking.
- This exam is open book. You may use your notes, the textbook, and any online resource that does not involve interaction with another person.
- Posting problems to online forums or "tutoring" websites counts as interaction with another person so is strictly forbidden.

- (10 points) Let (X, d) be a metric space and let C and K be subsets of X such that C is closed and K is compact. Show that *exactly one* of the following two statements holds:
  (1) C ∩ K ≠ Ø
  - (2)  $\inf \left\{ d(x,y) : x \in K \text{ and } y \in C \right\} > 0.$

2. (10 points) Let  $f:[0,1] \to \mathbb{R}$  be a continuous function. Show that the function  $g:[0,1] \to \mathbb{R}$  given by

$$g(x) = \inf\{f(y) + xy : y \in [0,1]\}$$

is continuous.

3. (10 points) Fix  $n \ge 1$  and let A be a non-empty closed subset of  $\mathbb{R}^n$  such that

if 
$$x, y \in A$$
 then  $\frac{x+y}{2} \in A$ .

Show that A is path connected.

4. (10 points) Let  $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  be a differentiable function with the derivative f' continuous. Show that

$$\lim_{h \to \infty} h^2 \int_0^1 e^{-ht} \left[ f(t) - f(0) \right] dt = f'(0).$$

5. (10 points) Let  $f:[0,1] \to \mathbb{R}$  be a function satisfying

$$\sup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \sup_{0 \le t_0 < \dots < t_n \le 1} \sum_{k=1}^n |f(t_k) - f(t_{k-1})|^2 \le M < \infty.$$

Show that f is Riemann integrable.

6. (15 points) Let (X, d) be a compact metric space and let  $\Gamma = \{\gamma : [0, 1] \to X : \gamma \text{ is continuous}\}$ . We define the cost function on paths  $c : \Gamma \to [0, \infty]$  via

$$c(\gamma) = \sup_{0 \le s \ne t \le 1} \frac{d(\gamma(t), \gamma(s))}{|t - s|}$$

Fix two distinct points x, y in X and assume that they are connected by a path  $\gamma_0 \in \Gamma$  of finite cost, that is,

$$\gamma_0(0) = x$$
,  $\gamma_0(1) = y$ , and  $c(\gamma_0) < \infty$ .

Show that there is a path of minimal cost that connects x and y, that is, there exists  $\tilde{\gamma}\in \Gamma$  such that

$$\tilde{\gamma}(0) = x, \quad \tilde{\gamma}(1) = y, \quad \text{and} \quad c(\tilde{\gamma}) = \inf \big\{ c(\gamma) | \, \gamma \in \Gamma \text{ with } \gamma(0) = x \text{ and } \gamma(1) = y \big\}.$$

*Hint:* While the Arzela-Ascoli theorem is not directly applicable, you might want to use the ideas in its proof.

## 7. (15 points)

(a) Show that

$$|\theta| \le \frac{\pi}{2} |\sin(\theta)|$$
 for all  $\theta \in \left[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$ 

and so deduce that the Fejér kernels  $F_N$  satisfy the inequality

$$F_N(x) \le \frac{1}{4Nx^2}$$
 for all  $x \in [-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}]$  and  $N \ge 1$ .

(b) Let  $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{C}$  be a continuous, 1-periodic function. Assume that there exists  $\alpha \in (0, 1)$  such that

$$|f(x) - f(y)| \le |x - y|^{\alpha}$$
 for all  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ .

Show that for every  $N \geq 1$  there exists a trigonometric polynomial

$$P_N(x) = \sum_{|n| \le N-1} c_n e^{2\pi i n x}$$
 with coefficients  $c_n \in \mathbb{C}$ 

such that

$$\sup_{x \in \mathbb{R}} \left| f(x) - P_N(x) \right| \le \frac{C}{N^{\alpha}}$$

for some constant C > 0 which is allowed to depend on  $\alpha$ , but not on N.