

Name(last, first): _____

U C L A Computer Science Department

CS 180

Algorithms & Complexity

ID : _____

10 pm Midterm

Total Time: 1.5 hours

November 2, 2020

Each problem has 20 points .

**All algorithm should be described in bullet format (with justification/proof).
You cannot quote any time complexity proofs we have done in class: you need to
prove it yourself.**

Problem 1: Describe the Depth First Search algorithm in a DAG. Prove its correctness.
Analyze its complexity.

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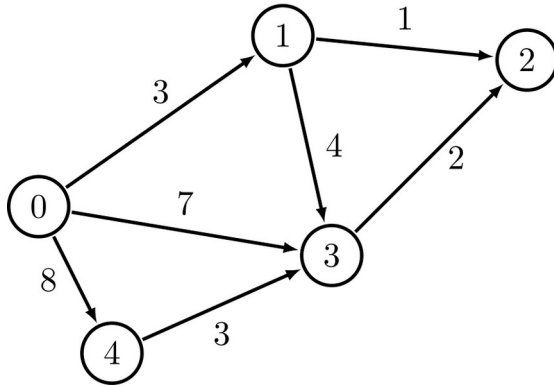
Problem 2: Consider a set of intervals/tasks. A. Design an algorithm that finds the maximum number of non-overlapping intervals/tasks. B. Analyze the time complexity of your algorithm. C. prove the correctness of your algorithm.

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Problem 3: Design an algorithm that decides if a connected undirected graph is bipartite. And finds a two sets of vertices.

(Definition: A bipartite graph is one where can partition the vertices into two groups V_1 and V_2 such that there are not edges within V_1 and within V_2 : all edges are between one vertex in V_1 and one vertex on V_2).

Problem 4: Apply Dijkstra's shortest path algorithm to the graph shown below (step by step) starting from vertex zero (0). Analyze the time complexity of the algorithm (you can assume insertion and deletion in a heap takes $O(\log n)$ time) .



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Problem 5: Let G be an undirected binary tree with n vertices (and no weights). The distance between two vertices is the length of the shortest path between the two vertices. We want to construct an $n \times n$ matrix such that its ij -th entry is the distance between two vertices v_i and v_j . Design an $O(n^2)$ algorithm for doing this. Describe your algorithm, analyze its time complexity and prove its correctness.