

Question 3 Complete	Which of the molecules above is/are completely nonpolar?		
Points out of	In a. Molecule A		
1.00	O b. Molecule B		
	○ c. Molecule C		
	O d. Molecule D		
	 e. More than one of these 		
Question 4 Complete	Which of the molecules above could form hydrogen bonds with water but not with another identical molecul		
Points out of 1.00	a. Molecule A		
1.00	O b. Molecule B		
	O c. Molecule C		
	O d. Molecule D		
	Image: e. None of the above		
Question 5 Complete	Which of the molecules above is hydrophobic?		
Points out of	Image:		
1.00	O b. Molecule B		
	○ c. Molecule C		
	O d. Molecule D		
	 e. More than one of the above 		
Question 6 Complete	Which of the molecules above would have the easiest time passing through a pure lipid bilayer without the assistance of transport proteins?		
Points out of 1.00	Image:		
	O b. Molecule B		
	○ c. Molecule C		
	O d. Molecule D		
Question 7	Which of the molecules above would have the hardest time passing through a pure lipid bilayer without the assistance of transport proteins?		
Complete Points out of			

- O b. Molecule B
- e. Molecule C
- O d. Molecule D

Question 8 Complete Points out of 1.00

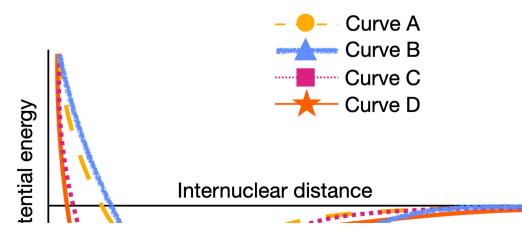
Which of molecules above could form Van der Waals interactions with another identical molecule?

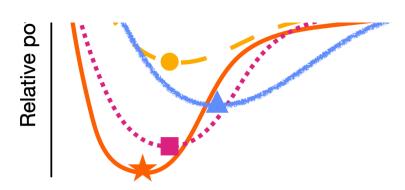
- a. Molecule A
- b. Molecule B
- C. Molecule C
- d. Molecule D
- e. More than one of the above

Information

The following table shows four different bonds along with their observed bond distances and potential energies. The image below the table shows four curves representing interactions between different pairs of atoms. For each curve, the lowest point represents the observed bond distance. Use this information to answer the following questions.

Bond	Potential Energy	Internuclear Distance
C-C	-348 kJ/mol	154 pm
C-0	-358 kJ/mol	143 pm
C-H	-413 kJ/mol	109 pm
C-N	-293 kJ/mol	143 pm

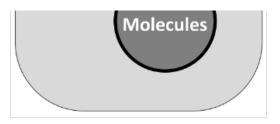




Question 9 Complete	According to the data shown above, which of the following bonds is the weakest bond?		
Points out of 1.00	○ a. C-C		
1.00	O b. C-O		
	О с. С-Н		
	d. C-N		
	 e. Not enough information is given to determine this. 		
Question 10 Complete	According to the information provided above, which bond would require the most energy to break?		
Points out of	O a. C-C		
1.00	○ b. C-O		
	③ c. C-H		
	○ d. C-N		
	 e. Not enough information is provided to determine this. 		
Question 11 Complete	Which curve represents the interaction between two carbon atoms?		
Points out of	🔿 a. Curve A		
1.00	• b. Curve B		
	O c. Curve C		
	O d. Curve D		
	 e. Not enough information is provided to determine this. 		
Question 12 Complete	T/F: The data above are consistent with the hypothesis that polar bonds are stronger than nonpolar bond		
Points out of	Select one:		
^{1.00} True			

	 False
Information	You are studying a collection of eukaryotic cell samples in the lab. Unfortunately, all of the labels have fallen off of the samples! Each question below represents one of the cell samples you are studying. Use the answer choices to designate which organelle would be the most helpful for correctly distinguishing each sample from the other samples based on the known functions of your cells.
Question 13 Complete Points out of	Human stomach cells that secrete lots of digestive enzymes.
1.00	 a. Chloroplasts
	O b. Mitochondria
	O c. Lysosomes
	💿 d. Golgi
	○ e. Vacuoles
Question 14 Complete Points out of 1.00	Oophila amblystomatis cells. Oophila amblystomatis is an algae that lives inside of salamander eggs and uses photosynthesis to metabolize carbon dioxide from the eggs and produce oxygen that the eggs need. a. Chloroplasts b. or the edge
	O b. Mitochondria
	C. Lysosomes
	 d. Golgi e. Vacuoles
Information	Milk is an aqueous (watery) substance full of spherical fat droplets. Each fat droplet contains only hydrophobic fat molecules. The outside of the droplet is surrounded by a phospholipid membrane. A diagram of a fat droplet in a glass of milk is shown below (drawing is not to scale). Use this information to answer the following questions.
	Fat droplet surrounded by a phospholipid membrane

Fat



Question **15** Complete Points out of 1.00

The membrane of the fat droplet could be a double layer of phospholipids (a bilayer).

Select one:

True

False

Question **16** Complete Points out of 1.00

The membrane of the fat droplet could be a single layer of phospholipids (a monolayer).

Select one:

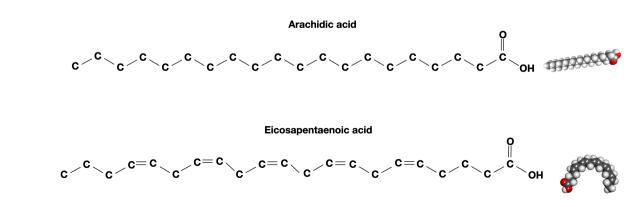
True

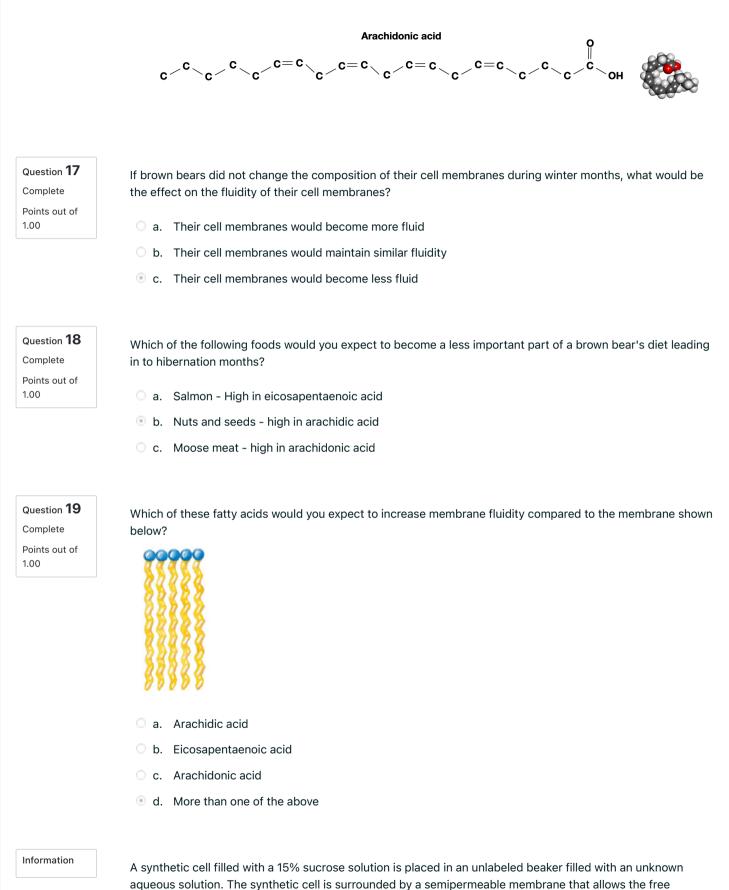
False

Information

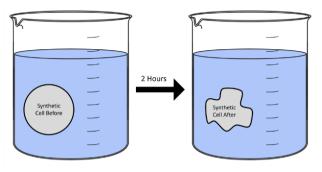
The brown bear is a large species of bear found across Eurasia and North America. Brown bears live in regions that undergo large seasonal changes in climate. In order to survive long, cold winters, they hibernate for around five months of the year. The normal body temperature of a brown bear is between 37.7 °C and 38.3 °C, but during hibernation their body temperature drops to around 31 °C. To help them adapt to these changing body temperatures in different seasons, brown bears adapt their diet in summer versus pre-hibernation months. This allows brown bears to consume different compositions of fatty acids so that they can adjust the composition of their cell membranes to maintain membrane fluidity throughout hibernation months.

The three fatty acids shown below represent major components of a brown bear's diet at different times of the year. To the right of each molecule is an image representing a space-filling model of the same molecule to show what that molecule looks like in three dimensional space. Use these images and what you know about fatty acids to answer the following questions.





 passage of water but is not permeable to sucrose. After 2 nours, the synthetic cell in the beaker decreases in volume and becomes floppy.



Question **20** Complete Points out of 1.00

The observation above suggests that at the beginning of the experiment, the solution inside the synthetic cell was ______ compared to the solution in the beaker.

- O a. Hypertonic
- b. Hypotonic
- 🔾 c. Isotonic
- O d. Not possible to tell

Question **21** Complete Points out of 1.00

Based on the observation above, the contents of the beaker could have been:

- a. 5% sucrose
- b. 15% sucrose
- c. 25% sucrose

Question **22** Complete Points out of

1.00

Suppose you repeat the experiment above, but this time you use a synthetic cell with a membrane that is permeable to both water and sucrose. All other conditions are the same. After 2 hours, the volume of this synthetic cell will be ______ compared to the volume of the synthetic cell at the end of the original experiment described above.

- O a. Smaller
- b. Larger
- C. The same size

Information

You are interested in studying how different molecules affect the activity of the enzyme pyruvate dehydrogenase. You set up four different reactions and then measure the relative amount of enzyme activity in each reaction by looking at the accumulation of product. The conditions of the reactions and your experimental results are shown below. Use this information to select the best conclusions that you can draw

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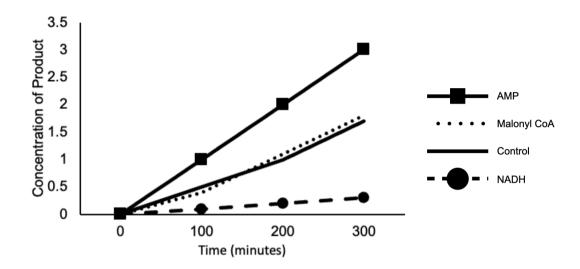
trom the results of your experiments.

Control: Pyruvate Dehydrogenase + Substrate

AMP: Pyruvate Dehydrogenase + Substrate + AMP

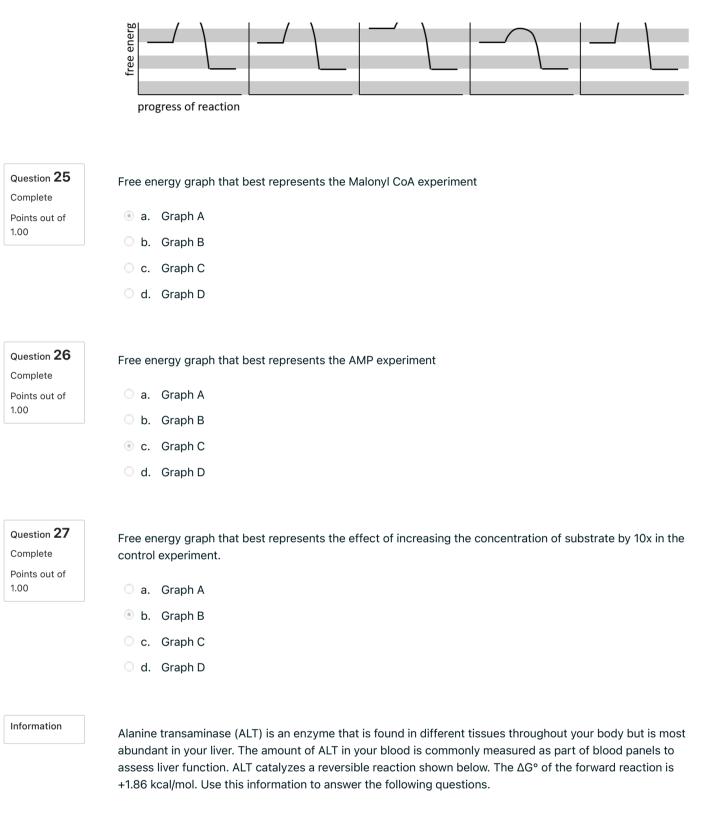
NADH: Pyruvate Dehydrogenase + Substrate + NADH

Malonyl CoA: Pyruvate Dehydrogenase + Substrate + Malonyl CoA

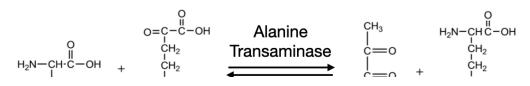


Question 23	T/F: These data are consistent with the hypothesis that AMP is an allosteric activator of pyruvate		
Complete	dehydrogenase.		
Points out of			
1.00	Select one:		
	 True 		
	○ False		
Question 24	T/F: These data are consistent with the hypothesis that NADH is an allosteric inhibitor of pyruvate		
Complete	I/F: These data are consistent with the hypothesis that NADH is an allosteric inhibitor of pyruvate dehydrogenase.		
Points out of			
1.00	Select one:		
	 True 		
	○ False		
nformation	Defer to the purpuete debudregeness data above to answer the following questions. Based on your		
	Refer to the pyruvate dehydrogenase data above to answer the following questions. Based on your experimental results, predict how AMP, NADH, and Malonyl CoA affect the free energy graph of the reaction catalyzed by pyruvate dehydrogenase. The free energy graph for the control experiment is labeled "Control" below. Use the other graphs [A-D] as answer choices for the questions below. You may assume that the y-axi is the same for all of the graphs. Answer choices may be used more than once or not at all.		
	Control A B C D		

https://ccle.ucla.edu/mod/quiz/review.php?attempt=6611582&cmid=4354378



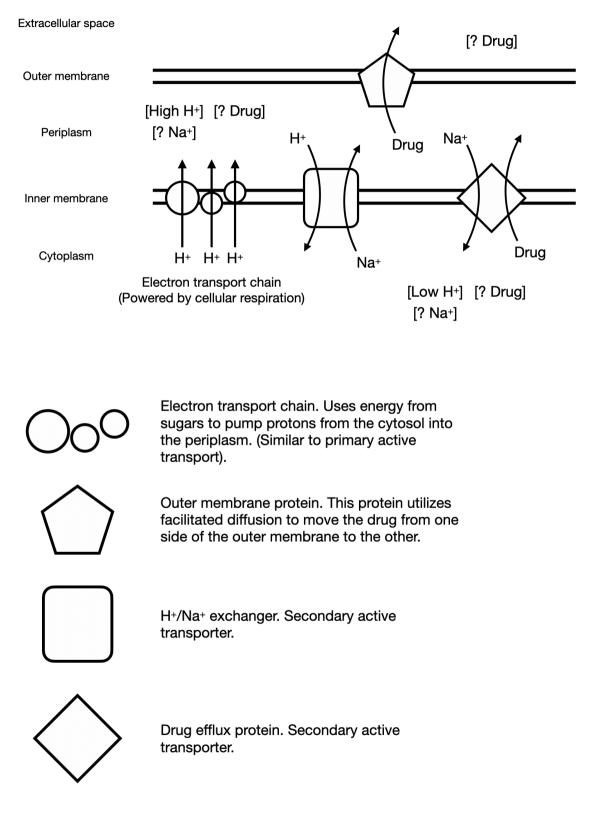
$\Delta G^{\circ} = +1.86$ kcal/mol



	ĊH ₃ Alanine	C=0 OH α -ketoglutarate	l o Pyruvate	C=O I OH Glutamate	
Question 28 Complete Points out of 1.00	Select one: True	tion will only proceed in a cell w		nic reaction.	
Question 29 Complete Points out of	T/F: After this reaction has reached equilibrium, ALT will continue catalyzing the reaction. Select one:				
1.00	 True False 				
Question 30 Complete Points out of 1.00	T/F: If standard entropy (S°) increases over the course of this reaction, then ΔH° could be negative. Select one: True 				
	 False 				
Question 31 Complete Points out of 1.00		conditions, the ΔG of the react g reactions could be coupled to s?			
	 a. Aspartate trai 	nsaminase reaction; ΔG =+7.4 kc	cal/mol		
	O b. Alkaline phos	phatase reaction, ΔG =-5 kcal/m	ol		
		myl transferase reaction, ΔG =+	12 kcal/mol		
	\bigcirc d. ATP hydrolysis reaction, ΔG =-7.3 kcal/mol				
	e. Hexokinase re	eaction, ΔG =-7.9 kcal/mol			
Information	be associated with foo may prescribe you and common for bacteria not effective anymore	that normally exists in your gut a odborne illnesses when consum tibiotics to help you get better. I to exhibit antibiotic resistance, i e. One mechanism E. coli use to from inside the cell to outside th	ed. If you get sick with an E. c However, in recent years it is b meaning that the drugs we nor develop resistance to antibioti	oli infection, your doctor ecoming more and more mally use to treat them are	

The diagram holow shows an E- coli coll membrane. Note that unlike aukarvatic colls, some bacteria have two

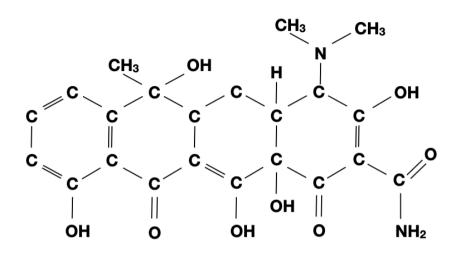
membranes, an inner membrane and an outer membrane, with an extra compartment called the periplasm in between. To resist being killed by drugs, E. coli need to move drugs from the cytoplasm to the periplasm, and then out to the extracellular space (although different drugs work in different ways, for the sake of this problem assume that a drug must be present in the cytosol of the bacterium to be effective). The figure below figure shows a set of membrane proteins involved in this process. Below the figure you will find a description of these membrane proteins.



Question 32	Based on this diagram, the concentration of sodium is in the periplasm compared to the cytoplasm.
Complete	
Points out of 1.00	💿 a. Higher
	O b. Lower
	○ c. Equal
Question 33 Complete Points out of	Based on this diagram, the concentration of drug is in the extracellular space compared to the periplasm.
1.00	🔿 a. Higher
	b. Lower
	O c. Equal
Question 34 Complete	Based on this diagram, if the electron transport chain were to stop working in this bacterium, the
Points out of	concentration of drug in the periplasm would
1.00	🔿 a. Increase
	• b. Decrease
	○ c. Not change
Question 35	
Complete Points out of	Based on this diagram, if the pH of the periplasm were increased what effect would you expect that to have the susceptibility of this bacterium to an antibiotic?
1.00	• a. More susceptible
	O b. More resistant
	○ c. No change
Question 36	Based on this diagram, if an additional sodium channel were present in the outer membrane, what impact
Complete Points out of 1.00	would the opening of that channel have on the rate of drug moving from the periplasm to the extracellular space via the outer membrane protein?
	 a. The rate would increase
	b. The rate would decrease
	○ c. The rate would not change

Information

One of the antibiotics pumped out of E. coli using this system is tetracycline. The chemical structure of tetracycline is shown below. Note that because of the complexity of this structure, not all hydrogen atoms are shown, but you may assume that every atom in this molecule has the appropriate number of bonds. Use this image to answer the following questions.



Tetracycline

Question **37** Complete Points out of 1.00

Based on the image above, tetracycline could form hydrogen bonds with another molecule of tetracycline.

Select one: • True

False

Question **38** Complete Points out of 1.00

Based on the structure of tetracycline, you would expect a pure lipid bilayer to be very permeable to tetracycline molecules.

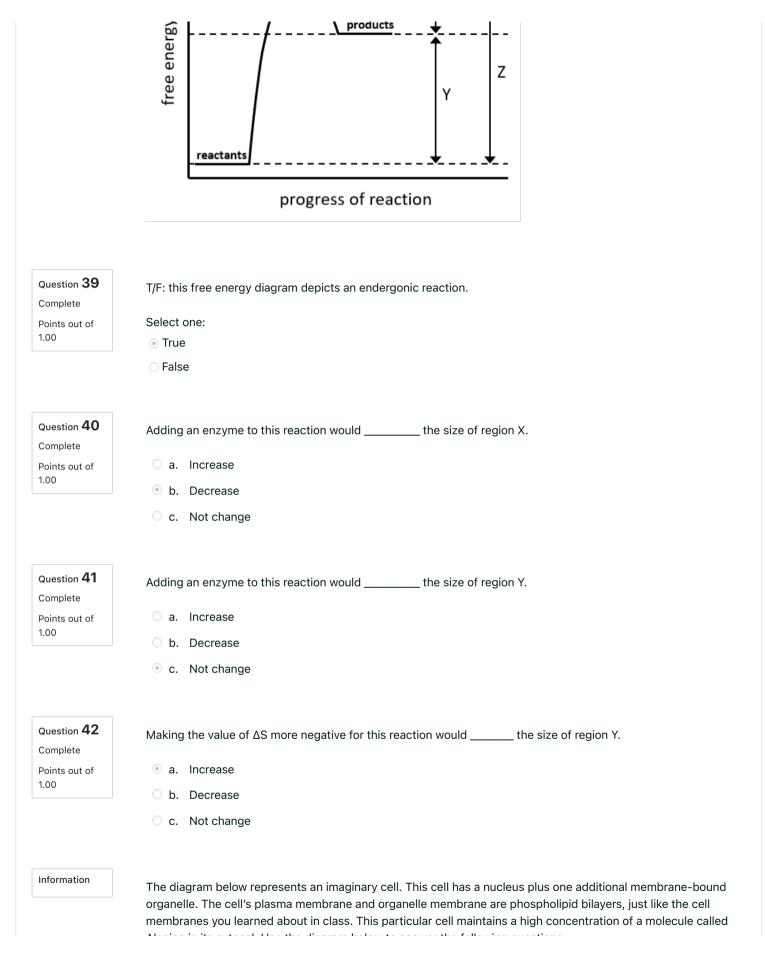
Select one:

- True
- False

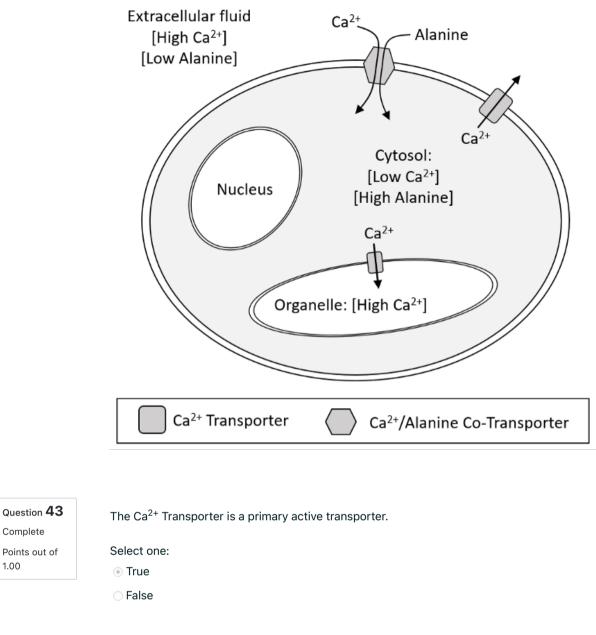
Information

The diagram shows the changes in free energy that occur over the course of a reaction. Use the diagram to answer the questions below.





Alanine in its cytosol. Use the diagram below to answer the following questions.



Question 44 Complete Points out of 1.00

1.00

If the Ca²⁺ Transporter stopped working, the Co-Transporter would eventually stop working.

Select one: True

False

Question 45 Complete

This cell could be a prokaryotic cell.

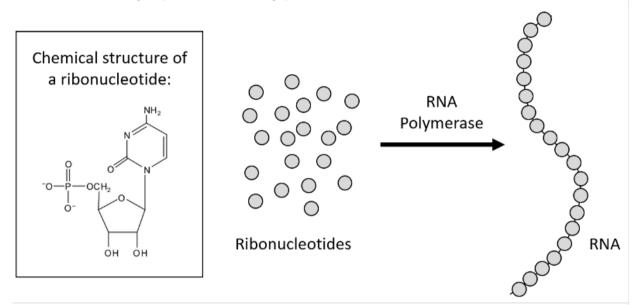
Points out of 1.00

Select one: True

False

Information

The following chemical reaction shows the synthesis of a ribonucleic acid (RNA) molecule from many individual ribonucleotides. This reaction is catalyzed by an enzyme called RNA polymerase. Based on this information and the diagram, answer the following questions.



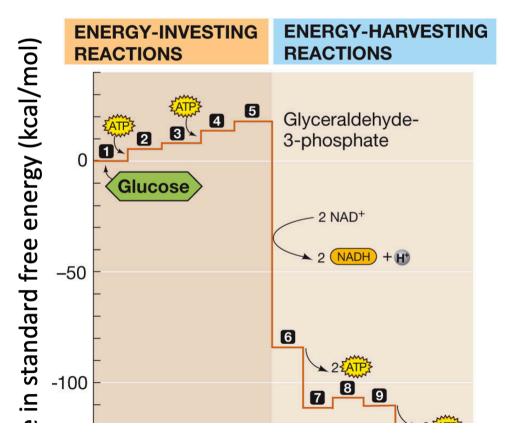
Question 46 Complete	A ribonucleotide could cross a phospholipid bilayer via simple diffusion.		
Points out of	Select one:		
1.00	○ True		
	 False 		
Question 47 Complete	The entropy of the ribonucleotides is lower than the entropy of the RNA.		
Points out of	Select one:		
1.00	○ True		
	False		
Question 48 Complete Points out of 1.00	As this reaction proceeds, a small amount of energy will be released as heat.		
	Select one:		
	 True 		
	○ False		
Question 49	T/F: RNA Polymerase provides the energy required to make this reaction proceed in the direction shown by the		

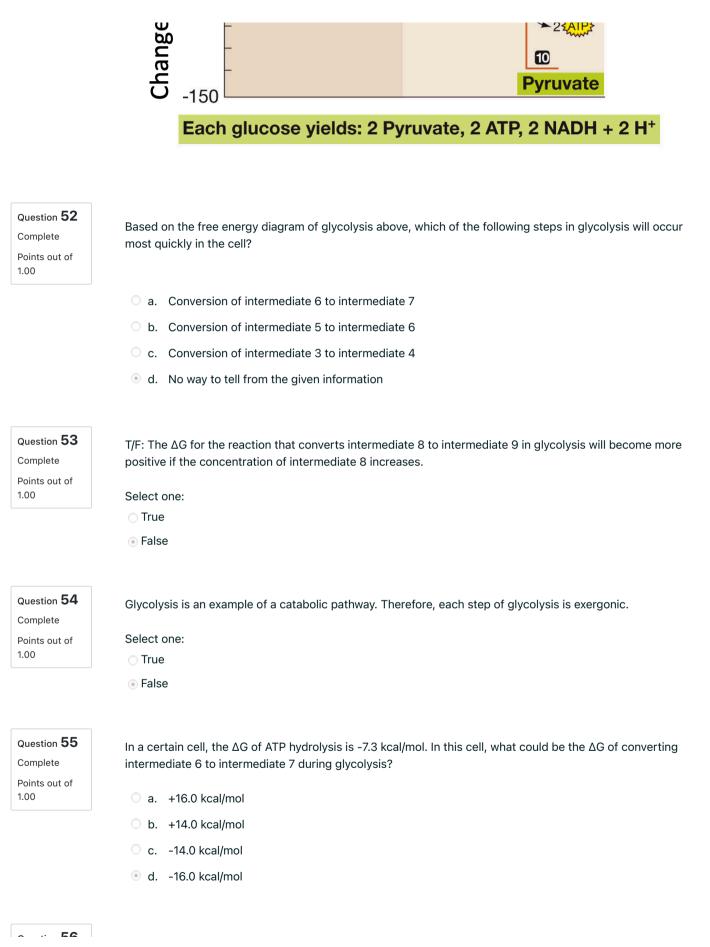
LS 7A Exam 1 Sp22 Group Phase: Attempt review

Complete	arrow.			
Points out of				
1.00	Select one:			
	⊖ True			
	 False 			
Question 50				
Complete	T/F: RNA Polymerase is used up in this reaction			
Points out of 1.00				
	Select one:			
	○ True			
	 False 			
Question 51	Based on the chemical structure shown above, ribonucleotides are hydrophilic.			
Complete				
Points out of	Select one:			
	Select one: True			

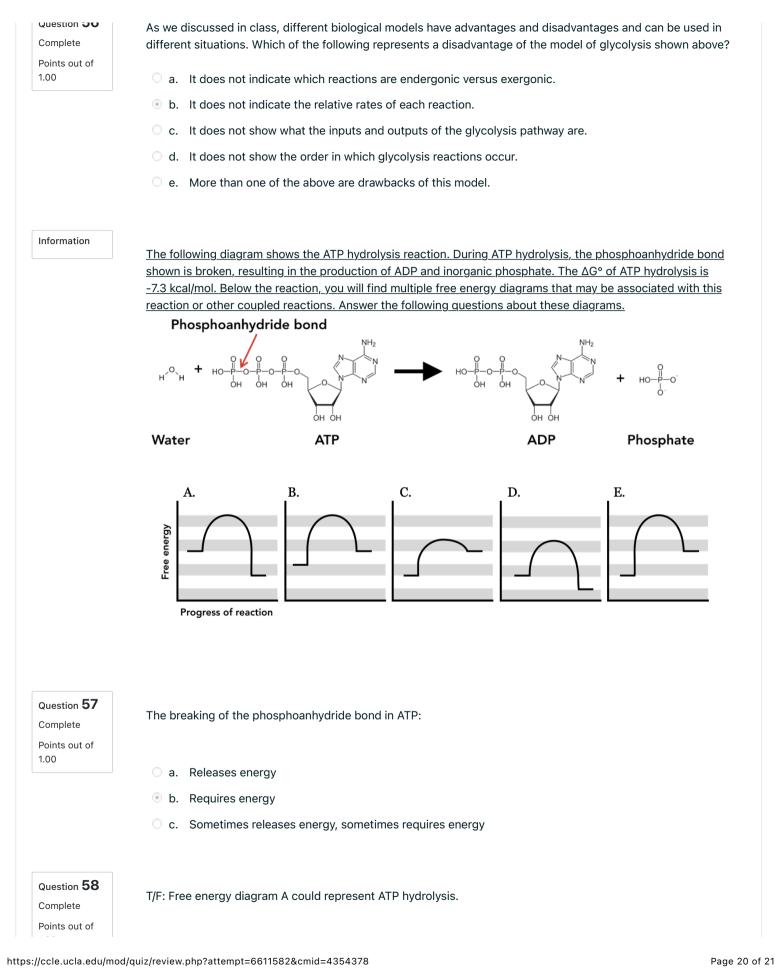
Information

The following image is a model illustrating the process of glycolysis. Use this diagrams to answer the following questions.





LS 7A Exam 1 Sp22 Group Phase: Attempt review



1.00	Select one: True False		
Question 59 Complete Points out of 1.00	T/F: Free energy diagram Select one: True False 	D could represent ATP hydrolysis.	
Question 60 Complete Points out of 1.00	T/F: The reaction depicted in free energy diagram A would occur more quickly than the reaction d free energy diagram E.		
	Select one: True False 		
Question 61 Complete Not graded	Complete your answer change reasoning submission will count for half of your discussion section grade. For the		
	 b. No, I have not yet now!) 	t submitted my answer change reasoning	submission on Gradescope (go do this
 LS 7A Exam 1 Sp22 		Jump to	LS 7A Spring 2022 Exam 1 🕨