Math 115AH Midterm 1

- 1. (20 points) Let V be a nonzero vector space over a field F and S a nonempty subset of vectors in V. Fully and accurately defined what it means for each of the following:
 - (a) A vector v in V to be in the **Span** of S.
 - (b) S to be a **linearly dependent** subset in V.
 - (c) S to be a linearly independent subset in V.
 - (d) $V = \sum_{i \in I} W_i$ where each W_i , $i \in I$, is a subspace of V.
- 2. (30 points) Give examples of each of the following (You do **not** need to justify):
 - (a) Let $\mathbb{M}_2(F)$ be the vector space over F of 2×2 matrices. Find a **basis** for the subspace of skew symmetric matrices $\{A \in \mathbb{M}_2(F) \mid A^t = -A\}$ in each of the following two cases:
 - (i) F is the field of two elements.

 $\begin{pmatrix} a \\ c \\ d \end{pmatrix}$

- (-a-c _b-d

a=d=0

b=-c

- (ii) F is the field of three elements.
- (b) Let V = C([0,1]) be the real vector space of continuous functions on [0,1]. Find a spanning set for V and two subspaces W and W_6 of V and a basis for each with W infinite dimensional (i.e., is not finite dimensional) and W_6 finite dimensional of dimension 6
- (c) A vector space V and subspaces $\{0\} \neq W_i$ of V with $W_i \neq V$ for i = 1, 2 with W_1 infinite dimensional and isomorphic to V and W_2 four dimensional.
- (d) Linear transformations $T: V \to W$ and $S: W \to U$ of nonzero vector spaces such that the composition $S \circ T$ is an isomorphism, but neither S nor T is an isomorphism.
- (e) A linear operator $T: V \to V$ that is onto but has a non-trivial kernel, i.e., ker $T \neq 0$.
- 3. (35 points) Do all of the following:
 - (a) Accurately state the Replacement Theorem and one other (named) theorem that we have proved about vector spaces.
 - (b) Accurately state the Isomorphism Theorem and one other (named) theorem that we have proved about linear transformations.
 - (c) Fully state one consequence (i.e., corollary, proposition, or theorem) of one of the theorems that you wrote in (a) and one consequence of the theorems you wrote in (b). (You do not need to justify.)
 - (d) Prove the Isomorphism Theorem.
- 4. (15 points) Let V be a finite dimensional vector space over F and V = W₁ + ··· + W_n with each W_i a nonzero subspace of V, i = 1,...,n. Prove the following are equivalent:
 (a) If v ∈ WV, then there exist unique w_i ∈ W_i, i = 1,...,n, satisfying v = w₁ + ··· + w_n.
 (b) W_i ∩ (W₁ + ··· + W_i + ··· + W_n) = {0}, for i = 1,...,n, where W_i means omit W_i.
 (c) If B_i is a basis for W_i, i = 1,...,n, then B = B₁ ∪ ··· ∪ B_n is a basis for W.√

[If these hold we write $V = W_1 \oplus \cdots \oplus W_n$ and say V is a the **direct sum** of the W_i 's.]

5. Redo the test at home. Turn it in next Friday in class.