

MIDTERM EXAMINATION

1. (30 PTS) True or False? Explain or give counter-examples:

- (a) If  $x(2n)$  is an energy sequence, then  $x(n)$  is also an energy sequence.
- (b) If  $x(n)$  is a periodic sequence then  $x(2n + 5)$  is also periodic.
- (c) Every causal system is relaxed.
- (d) Every time-invariant system is causal.
- (e) The series cascade of two time-variant linear systems can be LTI.
- (f) The system  $y(n) = y(n - 1) + x^2(2n)$ ,  $y(-1) = 0$ ,  $n \geq 0$ , is time-invariant.
- (g)  $\{z : \frac{1}{2} < |z| < 2\}$  is the ROC of an anti-causal stable LTI system.
- (h) The zero-state response of a system can be described using a convolution operation.
- (i) Doubling the sampling period of a signal doubles the number of samples.
- (j) The same constant-coefficient difference equation with boundary conditions can describe at most two systems.

2. (30 PTS) The following information is known about the behavior of a causal LTI system: (a) it has two modes at  $\lambda_1 = 1/2$  and  $\lambda_2 = 1/4$ ; (b) its response to  $x(n) = (1/3)^n u(n)$  is an exponential sequence of the form  $y(n) = \alpha^n u(n)$  with the largest possible energy value.

- (a) Determine the value of  $\alpha$ .
- (b) Determine a constant coefficient difference equation for the system.
- (c) If  $y(n)$  is applied to the input of the system, what would its response be?

3. (20 PTS) Consider a causal system described by the difference equation

$$y(n) = y(n - 1) - \frac{1}{4}y(n - 2) + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n u(2n - 1), \quad y(0) = a, \quad y(1) = b$$

where  $a$  and  $b$  are real numbers.

- (a) Find a particular solution to the given system.
- (b) Find the complete solution in terms of  $a$  and  $b$ .
- (c) Given that  $2b - a = -\frac{1}{2}$ , compute the energy of  $y(n)$ . For what values of  $a$  and  $b$ ,  $y(n)$  has the smallest energy possible?

4. (20 PTS) Consider the following system

$$y(n) = \sum_{k=1}^n \lambda^{n-k} x(k)x(k+1), \quad n \geq 1$$
$$y(0) = 0$$

where  $\lambda \in (0, 1)$ .

- (a) Find an expression relating  $y(n)$  to  $y(n - 1)$ .
- (b) Is the system causal? linear? stable?
- (c) Is the system relaxed? time-invariant?