

**Midterm Exam**  
**EE 112**  
**Date: November 2020**

Name (print): \_\_\_\_\_

Instructor: Juan Castaneda

Score: \_\_\_\_\_

---

1. Give the following instantaneous voltage and current (20 points)

$$v(t) = 120\sqrt{2} \cos(\omega t + 10) \text{ (Volts)}$$

$$i(t) = 10\sqrt{2} \cos(\omega t - 5) \text{ (Amps)}$$

- a) Find the phasors for both voltage and current
  - b) Find the real power absorbed (W)
  - c) Find the reactive power absorbed (VARs)
  - d) Find the complex power absorbed (VA)
  - e) Draw the phasor diagram for the voltage and current
2. The voltage  $v(t) = 678.8 \cos(\omega t + 45)$  volts to a load consisting of a 10 Ohms resistor in series with an inductive reactance of  $X_L = 25$  Ohms (20 points)
- a) Determine the voltage phasor in polar form
  - b) Determine the current on the circuit in polar form
  - c) Determine the power factor for the circuit
  - d) Determine the power absorbed by the resistor
3. three loads connected in parallel across a 1000-V (RMS), 60-Hz Single-phase source. (30 points)  
Load 1: Inductive load, 125 kVA, 0.28 p.f. lagging  
Load 2: Capacitive load, 10 kW, 40 kVAR  
Load 3: Resistive load, 15 kW
- Determine the total kW, kvar, kva, and supply power factor.
4. Given the current phasor for phase a  $V_a = 289 \angle 0$  degrees (kv) for a balanced three phase system, derive and draw phasor voltages for phases b and c and phasor voltages for phase ab, bc, and ca. (15 points)

5. Two balanced Y-connected loads, one drawing 10kW at 0.8 p.f. lagging and the other 15kW at 0.9 power factor leading, are connected in parallel and supplied by a three-phase Y-connected, 480-Volts source. Determine the source current (magnitude only) (15 points)