

[CS M51A W13] SOLUTION TO QUIZ 3B

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Quiz Problems (50 points total)

Problem 1 (15 points)

Minimize the number of states of the system that correspond to the table shown below. Show the final minimized table. The input is x and the output is z .

PS	Input	
	$x = 0$	$x = 1$
A	$E, 0$	$C, 1$
B	$A, 1$	$J, 0$
C	$D, 0$	$F, 0$
D	$J, 0$	$K, 1$
E	$A, 0$	$E, 1$
F	$A, 0$	$G, 1$
G	$J, 0$	$A, 0$
H	$A, 1$	$D, 0$
I	$K, 0$	$B, 1$
J	$D, 0$	$K, 1$
K	$I, 0$	$B, 1$
	NS, z	

Solution Looking at the output values, we can write

$P_1 = (A, D, E, F, I, J, K)$ (output 0/1), (C, G) (output 0/0), (B, H) (output 1/0)

From here we move to:

	group1							g2		g3	
	A	D	E	F	I	J	K	C	G	B	H
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
1	2	1	1	2	3	1	3	1	1	1	

$P_2 = (A, F), (D, E, J), (I, K), (C, G), (B, H)$

	g1		g2			g3		g4		g5	
	A	F	D	E	J	I	K	C	G	B	H
0	2	1	2	1	2	3	3	2	2	1	1
1	4	4	3	2	3	5	5	1	1	2	2

$P_3 = (A), (F), (D, J), (E), (I, K), (C, G), (B, H)$

	g1	g2	g3		g4	g5		g6		g7	
	A	F	D	J	E	I	K	C	G	B	H
0			3	3		5	5	3	3	1	1
1			5	5		7	7	2	1	3	3

$P_4 = (A), (F), (D, J), (E), (I, K), (C), (G), (B, H)$

	g1	g2	g3		g4	g5		g6	g7	g8	
	A	F	D	J	E	I	K	C	G	B	H
0			3	3		5	5			1	1
1			5	5		8	8			3	3

Now $P_5 = P_4$ and no more reductions are possible. The minimal table is:

PS	$x = 0$	$x = 1$
$G1$	$G4, 0$	$G6, 1$
$G2$	$G1, 0$	$G7, 1$
$G3$	$G3, 0$	$G5, 1$
$G4$	$G1, 0$	$G4, 1$
$G5$	$G5, 0$	$G8, 1$
$G6$	$G3, 0$	$G2, 0$
$G7$	$G3, 0$	$G1, 0$
$G8$	$G1, 1$	$G3, 0$
	NS, z	

Problem 2 (20 points)

Design a binary string detector using the state vector approach to cover all possible states, and deriving the minimum number of states afterwards. The detector takes a stream of binary bits as input, one bit at each clock. The output is 1 when it detects a string of 011, 100 or 110. The input signal is $x(t)$, and the output signal is $z(t)$.

- (5 points) Fill in the empty slots in the state transition table.

Solution

PS	$x = 0$	$x = 1$
S_{init}	$S_0, 0$	$S_1, 0$
S_0	$S_{00}, 0$	$S_{01}, 0$
S_1	$S_{10}, 0$	$S_{11}, 0$
S_{00}	$S_{00}, 0$	$S_{01}, 0$
S_{01}	$S_{10}, 0$	$S_{11}, 1$
S_{10}	$S_{00}, 1$	$S_{01}, 0$
S_{11}	$S_{10}, 1$	$S_{11}, 0$
	NS, z	

- (15 points) Minimize the number of states in the transition table, and show the final minimized table. Use $G1$ to $G7$ for the minimized group names.

Solution Looking at the output of the previous table, we first get P_1 as shown:

$P_1 = (S_{init}, S_0, S_1, S_{00})$ (output 0/0), (S_{01}) (output 0/1), and (S_{10}, S_{11}) (output is 1/0).

	group 1				g2	group 3	
	S_{init}	S_0	S_1	S_{00}	S_{01}	S_{10}	S_{11}
0	1	1	3	1		1	3
1	1	2	3	2		2	3

$$P_2 = (S_{init}), (S_1), (S_0, S_{00}), (S_{01}), (S_{10}), (S_{11})$$

	g1 S_{init}	g2 S_1	g3 $S_0 \quad S_{00}$		g4 S_{01}	g5 S_{10}	g6 S_{11}
0			3	3			
1			4	4			

We can see that P_3 will be the same as P_2 and we stop here. By naming each group, we can write the following table.

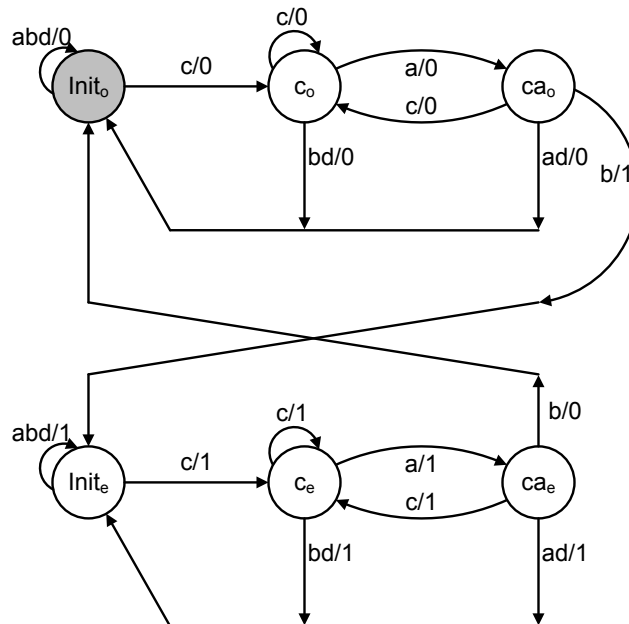
PS	$x = 0$	$x = 1$
$G1$	$G3, 0$	$G2, 0$
$G2$	$G5, 0$	$G6, 0$
$G3$	$G3, 0$	$G4, 0$
$G4$	$G5, 0$	$G6, 1$
$G5$	$G3, 1$	$G4, 0$
$G6$	$G5, 1$	$G6, 0$
	NS, z	

Problem 3 (15 points)

A sequential system has an input set $I = \{a, b, c, d\}$ and an output set $O = \{0, 1\}$. The system tracks the number of occurrences of the string cab in $x(0, t)$. It outputs 1 if the value is an odd number and 0 otherwise. Show the state diagram of the system. Use the minimum-number-of-states approach. (*Hint: You may need multiple instances of the same string detector.*)

For each state, clearly show the transition path for all variables in the input set I and the output values. Clearly identify the initial state.

Solution We need two separate instances of the string detector for cab , one for the even case and one for the odd case. Every time we encounter the string cab , we jump from one detector to the other as shown. The initial state is shaded in gray.



For a Moore machine, all states for the odd case output 1, all states for the even case output 0.